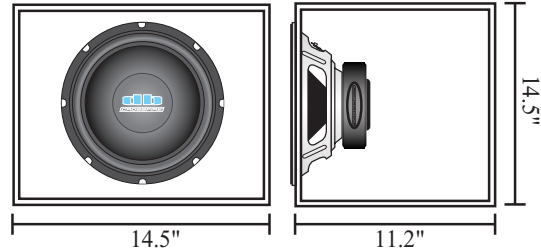


## ENCLOSURE RECOMMENDATIONS

### Optimum Sealed Volume

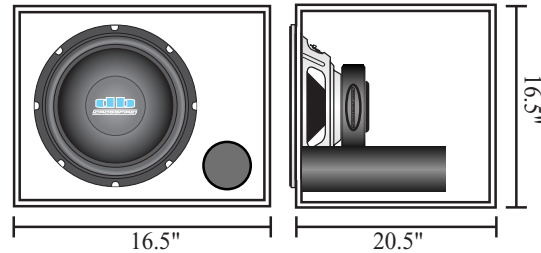
Internal volume: 1.03ft<sup>3</sup> / 29.17L  
 Enclosure "Q": .95  
 -3dB response: 43Hz  
 Efficiency: 89dB  
 Maximum power handling: 300 watts



Cu. feet/liters	"Q"	-3dB	Efficiency	PE
small sealed volume: .87/24.64	1.01	45Hz	88.4dB	300 watts
large sealed volume: 2.37/67.11	.71	39Hz	87.5dB	300 watts

### Optimum Vented Volume

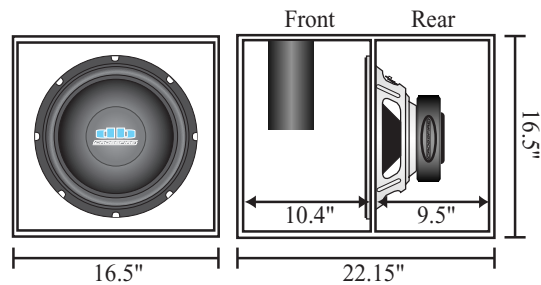
Internal volume: 2.4ft<sup>3</sup> / 67.96L  
 Tuning frequency: 26Hz  
 Port (D x L): 4" x 17.5"  
 -3dB response: 30Hz  
 Efficiency: 89.4dB  
 Maximum power handling: 300 watts



Cu. feet/liters	Tune to	Port	-3dB	Efficiency	PE
small vented volume: 2.0/56.63	28Hz	4" x 18.2"	33Hz	90dB	300 watts
large vented volume: 3.1/87.78	25Hz	4" x 14.1"	27Hz	89dB	300 watts

### Optimum Bandpass Volume

Front volume: 1.35ft<sup>3</sup> / 38.23L  
 Rear volume: 1.17ft<sup>3</sup> / 33.13L  
 Tuning frequency: 57.4Hz  
 Port (D x L): 6" x 12"  
 -3dB response: 34 - 82Hz  
 Efficiency: 91.8B  
 Maximum power handling: 300 watts



Front cu. ft/liters	Rear cu.ft/liters	Tune to	Port	-3dB	Efficiency	PE
1.0730.30	1.43/40.49	51Hz	(2)4"x 20.8"	28 - 83Hz	90dB	300 watts
1.42/41.91	1.42/40.21	57.8Hz	6"x 10.3"	36 - 75Hz	92dB	300 watts

\*Note: Dimensions given require the use of 0.75" (19mm) board.

\*\*Be sure to add in .061ft<sup>3</sup> / 1.73L for driver displacement in all "Other" enclosures.

\*\*\*WARNING: Due to long port length, slot porting will most likely be needed. Tube ports are for illustration purposes only.

## DAMPING MATERIAL

The most common damping materials used are Dacron and Polyfill. Reclaimed fiber underlay has been discovered to be an excellent substitute especially when glued directly to the walls of the enclosure. Fiberglass may be used, but please limit usage to sealed enclosures only. When used in vented/bandpass enclosures, fiberglass fibers escaping through the port may be hazardous to your health.

	DACRON/POLYFILL	UNDERLAY	FIBERGLASS
SEALED ENCLOSURE	loosely fill the enclosure	line 5 walls	line 5 walls
VENTED ENCLOSURE	line 3-5 walls	line 1-3 wall	Please limit the use of fiberglass to sealed enclosures only
BANDPASS (sealed chamber)	line 3 walls	line 1-3 wall	
BANDPASS (vented chamber)	line 1 wall (optional)	line 1 wall (optional)	

## SPECIFICATIONS

Model	DBW12
Driver description	12" Subwoofer, Single Voice Coil
Mounting depth, in./mm	5.375/136.6
Cutout dimensions, in./mm	11.1/282.08
Impedance	4 ohms
Nominal power handling	200watts
Maximum power handling (PE)	300 watts
Dynamic power handling	800 watts
Voice coil - size	2", 4 layer
Magnet weight	38 oz.
Frequency response	22Hz to 500Hz
Resonance frequency (fs)	23.8Hz
QTS	.445
QMS	10.215
QES	.465
VAS, ft./liter	4.39/124.43
X-max, in./mm	.315/8
Efficiency (2.83V/1M)	87.43dB

## POWER RATINGS

Rating the power handling of subwoofers is not a difficult task. However, understanding power ratings is often confusing. Many times the Maximum Power Ratings are viewed as the RMS power handling of the driver, when in actuality Maximum is generally the break point of the driver. This has lead Crossfire to come up with a system to rating the power necessary to drive our subwoofers. Please read the following cautiously before choosing your amplifier.

### Nominal power handling

-Nominal power handling is the power rating given by Crossfire at which the subwoofer will experience minimal mechanical degradation over time when using a recommended enclosure. In other words, this is the recommended power to be used per woofer to assure long life.

### Maximum power handling (PE)

-Maximum power handling is the power rating given by Crossfire at which the subwoofer could experience a high amount of mechanical degradation that may lead to possible failure over time when using a recommended enclosure. In other words, do not exceed this power level for extended periods of time.

### Dynamic power handling

-Dynamic power handling is the power rating given by Crossfire for peak transients and short bursts. Continuous playing at or above this level will cause mechanical failure and/or thermal failure. In other words, this power level should never be attained with the exceptions of approved SPL competition vehicles. This could possibly void your warranty.