ENCLOSURE RECOMMENDATIONS

Optimum Sealed Volume

Internal volume: .94ft3/26.61L Enclosure "Q": .9 -3dB response: 42Hz Maximum power handling: 350 watts

Dimensions already include woofer displacement compensation.



14"

13"

17.5

Cu. feet/liters	``Q″	-3dB	Max Power Handling (PE)
small sealed volume: .59/16.7	1.1	47Hz	350 watts
large sealed volume: 1.5/42.47	.73	40Hz	350 watts

Optimum Vented Volume

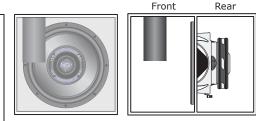
Internal volume: 2.3ft3/65.12L Tuning frequency: 31Hz Port (D x L): 4" X 12" -3dB response: 28Hz Maximum power handling: 350 watts

Dimensions already include woofer displacement compensation, but DO NOT include port displacement. 17.5"

Cu. feet/liters	Tune to	Port	-3dB	Max Power Handling (PE)
small vented volume: 1.75/49.55	35Hz	3" X 6.5"	34Hz	350 watts
large vented volume: 2.9/82.11	29Hz	4" x 10.5"	25Hz	350 watts

Optimum Bandpass Volume

Please contact Crossfire Tech Support for bandpass enclosure recommendations



Note: Dimensions for recommended enclosure are with consideration of using .75" (19mm) MDF board. Be sure to add .067ft3/1.88L for driver displacement as well as the volume for the port to all enclosures except for the optimum recommendation as those dimensions already include woofer displacement but DO NOT include port displacement.

Crossfire Tech Support Contact Information Phone: (562) 906-0800 E-mail: Tech@crossfirecaraudio.com Techsp@crossfirecaraudio.com (asistencia en español)

DAMPING MATERIAL

The most common damping materials used are Dacron and Polyfill. Reclaimed fiber underlay has been discovered to be an excellent substitute especially when glued directly to the walls of the enclosure. Fiberglass may be used, but please limit usage to sealed enclosures only. When used in vented/bandpass enclosures, fiberglass fibers escaping through the port may be hazardous to your health.

SEALED ENCLOSURE
VENTED ENCLOSURE
BANDPASS (sealed chamber)
BANDPASS (vented chamber)

14"

17

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DACRON/POLYFILL loosely fill the enclosure line 3-5 walls line 3 walls line 1 wall (optional)

FIBERGLASS line 5 walls Please limit the use of fiberglass to sealed line 1 wall (optional) enclosures only

SPFCTFTC IONS

UNDERLAY

line 5 walls

line 1-3 wall

line 1-3 wall

Model	DB312D		
Driver description	12" Subwoofer, Dual Voice Coil		
Mounting depth, in/mm	5.75/146		
Cutout diameter, in/mm	11/280		
Woofer Outer Diameter, in/mm	12.5/318		
Woofer Displacement, ft3/ltr	.07/1.98		
Impedance	4 ohm per coil		
Nominal power handling (RMS)	200 watts		
Maximum power handling (PE)	350 watts		
Dynamic power handling	600 watts		
Voice coil – size	2", 4 layer		
Magnet weight	45 oz.		
Frequency response	20 to 500Hz		
Resonance frequency (fs)	25.99Hz		
Qts	.53		
Qms	6.78		
Qes	.57		
VAS, ft./liter	4.07/115.26		
X-max, in./mm	.312/8		
Efficiency (2.83V/1M)	87dB		

POWER RATINGS

Rating the power handling of subwoofers is not a difficult task. However, understanding power ratings is often confusing. Many times the Maximum Power Ratings are viewed as the RMS power handling of the driver, when in actuality Maximum is generally the break point of the driver. This has lead Crossfire to come up with a system to rating the power necessary to drive our subwoofers. Please read the following cautiously before choosing your amplifier or with consideration of the power you may already have.

Nominal power handling

Nominal power handling is the power rating given by Crossfire at which the subwoofer will experience minimal mechanical degradation over time when using a recommended enclosure. In other words, this is the recommended power to be used per woofer to assure long life.

Maximum power handling (PE)

Maximum power handling is the power rating given by Crossfire at which the subwoofer could experience a high amount of mechanical degradation that may lead to possible failure over time when using a recommended enclosure. In other words, do not exceed this power level for extended periods of time.

Dynamic power handling

Dynamic power handling is the power rating given by Crossfire for peak transients and short bursts. Continuous playing at or above this level will cause mechanical failure and/or thermal failure. In other words, this power level should never be attained with the exceptions of approved SPL competition vehicles. This could possibly void your warranty.